

Name of the Student: _____

Max. Marks : 27 Marks

Time : 27 Minutes

Mark Schemes

Q1.

- (a) (force of) gravity
do **not** allow weight 1

fusion 1

- (b) distance = speed × time
allow a correct re-arrangement

or

$s = vt$
do **not** allow $d = st$ 1

- (c) $1.5 \times 10^{11} = 3.0 \times 10^8 \times t$ 1

$t = \frac{1.5 \times 10^{11}}{3.0 \times 10^8}$ 1

$t = 500 \text{ (s)}$ 1

- (d) **Level 3:** Scientifically relevant facts, events or processes are identified and given in detail to form an accurate account. 5–6

Level 2: Scientifically relevant facts, events or processes are identified and their relevance is clear. The account is not fully accurate. 3–4

Level 1: Facts, events or processes are identified and simply stated but their relevance is not clear. 1–2

No relevant content 0

Indicative content:

- fusion (processes in stars) produce new elements
- cloud of gas / hydrogen **and** dust **OR** nebula

- pulled together by gravity
- causing increasing temperature (to start the fusion process)
- (to become a) protostar
- hydrogen nuclei fuse to form helium nuclei
- and the star becomes main sequence
- hydrogen begins to run out
- helium nuclei fuse to make heavier elements
- up to iron
- the star expands (to become a)
- red super giant
- (the star collapses rapidly) and explodes
- called a supernova
- creating elements heavier than iron
- and distributing them throughout the universe
- leaving behind a neutron star
- or a black hole.

(e) Temperature

1

[13]

Q2.

(a) gamma rays

1

(b) can travel through the atmosphere

1

(c) explosion of a red super giant

or

a supernova

1

(d) 1.2×10^9 Hz

1

(e) $3.0 \times 10^8 = 1.2 \times 10^9 \times \lambda$

an answer of 0.25 (m) scores 3 marks

allow ecf from (d)

1

$$\lambda = \frac{3.0 \times 10^8}{1.2 \times 10^9}$$

1

$$\lambda = 0.25 \text{ (m)}$$

1

(g) same as the radio wave

1

(f) expansion due to fusion energy

1

in equilibrium with gravitational collapse

forces acting inwards equal forces acting outwards gains 1 mark

1

(h)

Level 2: Scientifically relevant facts, events or processes are identified and given in detail to form an accurate account.	3-4
Level 1: Facts, events or processes are identified and simply stated but their relevance is not clear.	1-2
No relevant content	0
Indicative content <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sun goes from main sequence to red giant • then from red giant to white dwarf • when the Sun changes to a red giant the surface temperature will decrease • and the relative luminosity will increase • when changing from a red giant to a white dwarf the surface temperature increases • and the relative luminosity decreases 	