

Name of the Student: \_\_\_\_\_

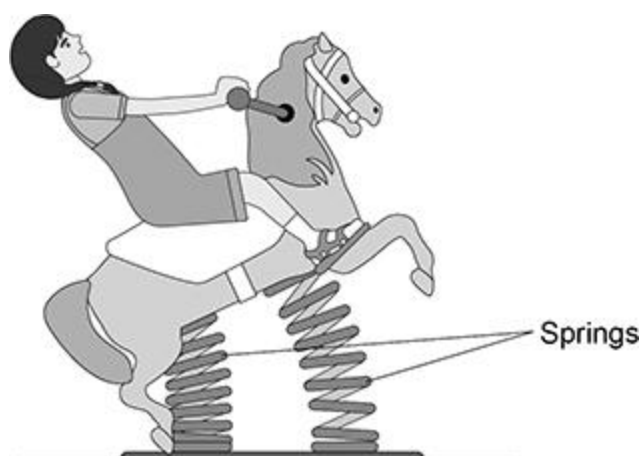
Max. Marks : 17 Marks

Time : 17 Minutes

**Q1.**

**Figure 1** below shows a child on a playground toy.

**Figure 1**



- (a) The springs have been elastically deformed.

Explain what is meant by 'elastically deformed'.

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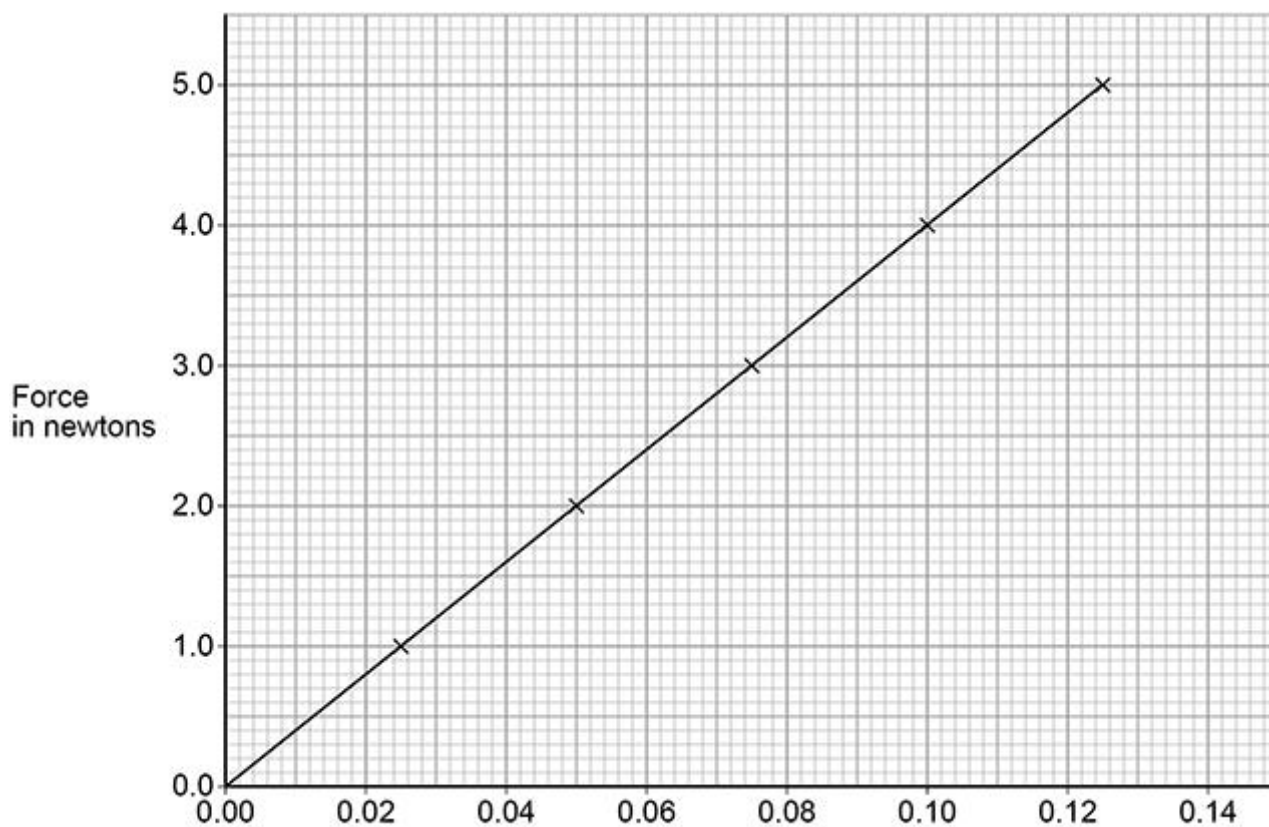
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(2)

A student investigated the relationship between the force applied to a spring and the extension of the spring.

**Figure 2** below shows the results.

**Figure 2**



(b) Describe a method the student could use to obtain the results given in **Figure 2**.

You should include a risk assessment for **one** hazard in the investigation.

Your answer may include a diagram.

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(6)

(c) Which equation links extension ( $e$ ), force ( $F$ ) and spring constant ( $k$ ).

Tick (✓) **one** box.

force = spring constant  $\times$  (extension)<sup>2</sup>

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force = spring constant  $\times$  extension

☐

force =  $\frac{\text{extension}}{\text{spring constant}}$

☐

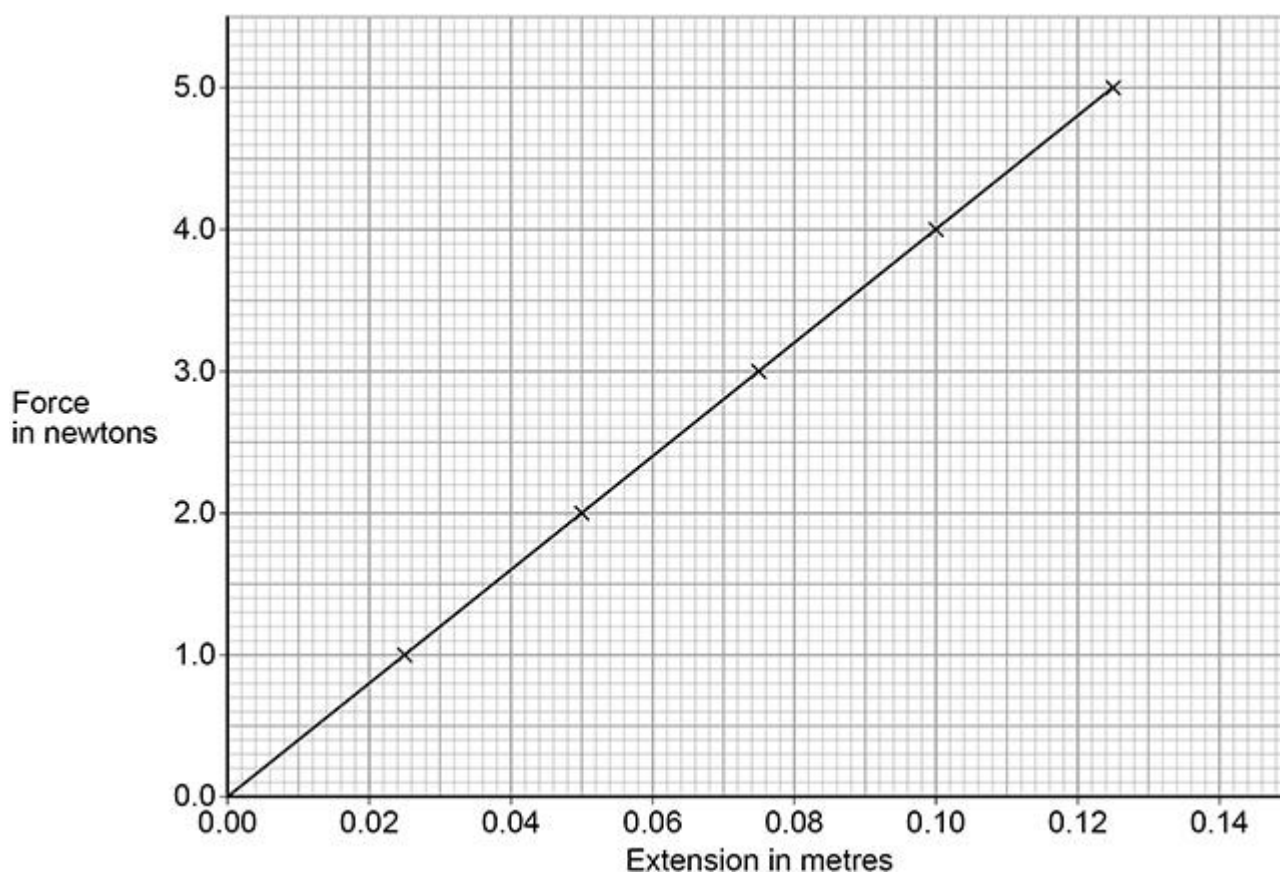
force =  $\frac{\text{spring constant}}{\text{extension}}$

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(1)

Figure 2 is repeated below.

Figure 2



(d) Determine the spring constant of the spring.

Use **Figure 2**.

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Spring constant = \_\_\_\_\_ N/m

(3)

- (e) The student concluded:

‘The extension of the spring is directly proportional to the force applied to the spring.’

Describe how **Figure 2** supports the student’s conclusion.

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(2)

- (f) The student repeated the investigation using a different spring with a spring constant of 13 N/m.

Calculate the elastic potential energy of the spring when the extension of the spring was 20 cm.

Use the Physics Equations Sheet.

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Elastic potential energy = \_\_\_\_\_ J

(3)

(Total 17 marks)