Practice Question Set For GCSE

Subject: Physics

Paper-2 Topic: Forces (High Demand Questions)



	the Student:rks : 22 Marks	Time : 22 Minut	tes
Mark Scl	nemes		
Q1.			
(a)	the total amount of energy (of the bumper car and barrier) remains constant. or		
	total momentum (of bumper car and barrier) before collision equals total mom bumper car and barrier) after collision or	entum (of	
	the resultant external force acting (on the system) is zero		
	allow there are no external forces (acting on the system)		
		1	
(b)	the force of the car on the barrier is equal to the force of the barrier on the car opposite direction	and in the	
		1	
	_ 700		
(c)	$F = \frac{1}{0.28}$		
(0)		1	
	E - 2.500 (N)		
	F = 2500 (N)	1	
(പ)	in average that importation for the collision to accoun		
(d)	increases the time taken for the collision to occur		
	allow increases contact time do not accept slows down time		
	do not accept slows down time	1	
	(so) the rate of change of momentum decreases allow reduces acceleration / deceleration		
	allow reduces acceleration/ deceleration	1	
	reducing the force (on the people)		
	reduces impact is insufficient	1	
(-)	$2.5^2 - u^2 = 2 \times 2.0 \times 1.5$		
(e)	$2.5^{\circ} - U^{\circ} = 2 \times 2.0 \times 1.5$	1	
	2 2 2 (2 2 2 4 2)		
	$u^2 = 2.5^2 - (2 \times 2.0 \times 1.5)$	1	
		•	
	u = 0.50 (m/s)		
	allow 0.5 (m/s)		

1

[10]

Q2.

(a) satellite allow moon 1 12.5 cm = 0.125 m(b) 1 $3 \times 10^8 = f \times 0.125$ this mark may be awarded for an incorrectly / not converted value for wavelength 1 $f = \frac{3 \times 10^8}{0.125}$ this mark may be awarded for an incorrectly / not converted value for wavelength 1 f = 2 400 000 000 (Hz)this mark may be awarded for an incorrectly / not converted value for wavelength 1 $f = 2.4 \times 10^9 \text{ (Hz)}$ this mark may be awarded for an incorrectly calculated value for frequency in standard form using the given data 1 gravitational force causes the Hubble Space Telescope to accelerate towards the Earth (c) 1 this changes the direction of motion (but not the speed) 1 so changes the velocity of the Hubble Space Telescope if no other marks awarded, allow 1 mark for gravitational force maintains circular orbit 1 galaxy A has the greater red shift 1

(so) A is travelling (away from us) faster (than B)

(because) A is further away (from us than B)

if no other marks awarded, allow 1 mark for galaxy A and galaxy B are moving away from us

[12]

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