

Name of the Student: \_\_\_\_\_

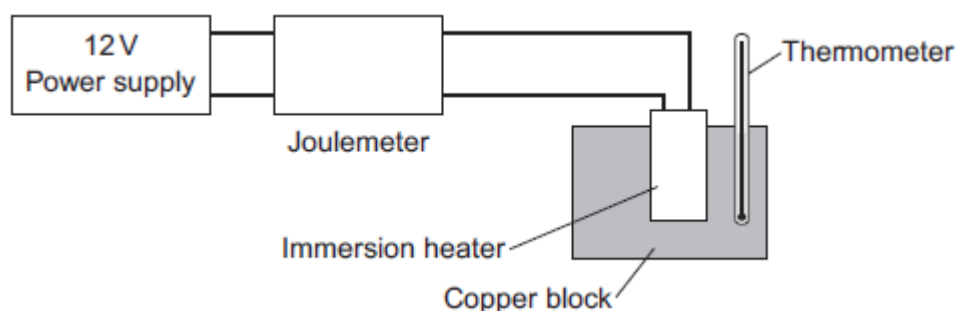
Max. Marks : 19 Marks

Time : 19 Minutes

**Q1.**

A student used the apparatus in **Figure 1** to obtain the data needed to calculate the specific heat capacity of copper.

**Figure 1**



The initial temperature of the copper block was measured.

The power supply was switched on.

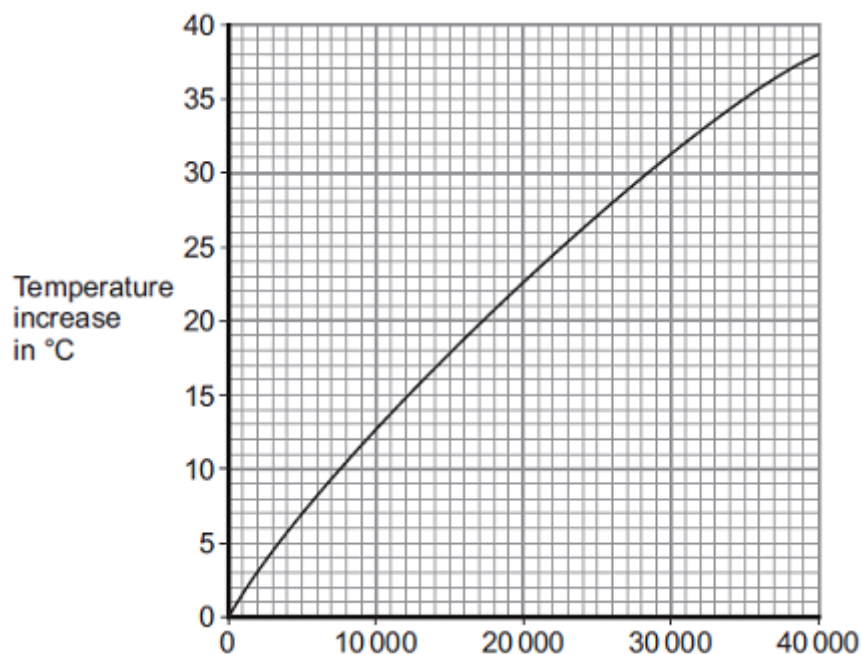
The energy transferred by the heater to the block was measured using the joulemeter.

The temperature of the block was recorded every minute.

The temperature increase was calculated.

**Figure 2** shows the student's results.

**Figure 2**



- (a) Energy is transferred through the copper block.

What is the name of the process by which the energy is transferred?

Tick (✓) **one** box.

|            |                          |
|------------|--------------------------|
| Conduction | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Convection | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Radiation  | <input type="checkbox"/> |

(1)

- (b) Use **Figure 2** to determine how much energy was needed to increase the temperature of the copper block by 35 °C.

\_\_\_\_\_ joules

(1)

- (c) The copper block has a mass of 2 kg.

Use your answer to part (b) to calculate the value given by this experiment for the specific heat capacity of copper. Give the unit.

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Specific heat capacity = \_\_\_\_\_

(3)

- (d) This experiment does **not** give the correct value for the specific heat of copper.

Suggest **one** reason why.

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(1)

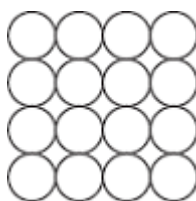
(Total 6 marks)

## Q2.

According to kinetic theory, all matter is made up of small particles. The particles are constantly moving.

**Diagram 1** shows how the particles may be arranged in a solid.

**Diagram 1**



- (a) One kilogram of a gas has a much larger volume than one kilogram of a solid.

Use kinetic theory to explain why.

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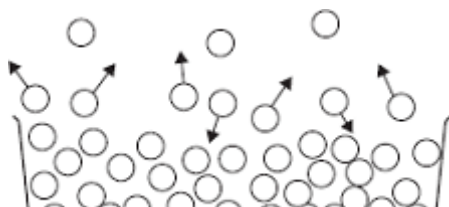
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(4)

- (b) **Diagram 2** shows the particles in a liquid. The liquid is evaporating.

**Diagram 2**



- (i) How can you tell from **Diagram 2** that the liquid is evaporating?

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(1)

- (ii) The temperature of the liquid in the container decreases as the liquid evaporates.

Use kinetic theory to explain why.

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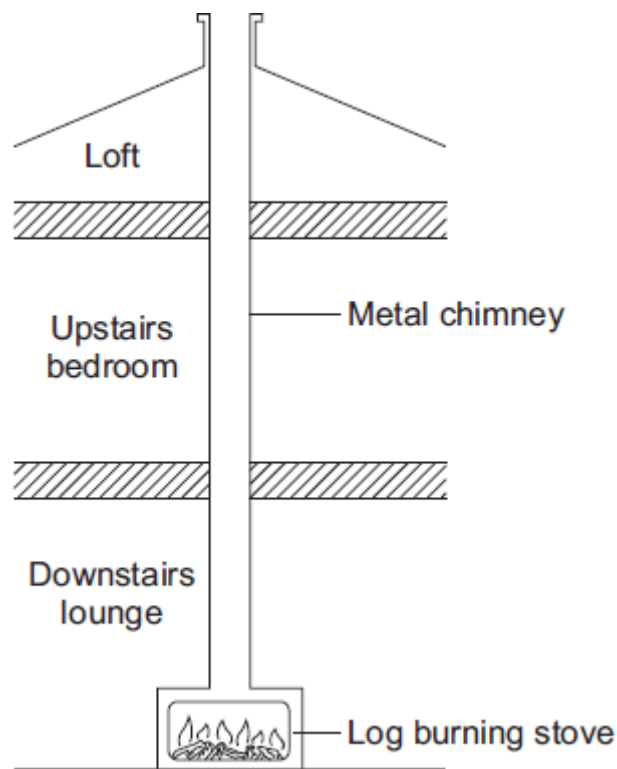
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(3)

(Total 8 marks)

**Q3.**

The diagram shows how the metal chimney from a log-burning stove passes through the inside of a house.



- (a) Explain how heat is transferred by the process of convection from the inside of the stove to the top of the chimney.

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(2)

- (b) Although the outside of the chimney becomes very hot, there is no insulating material around the chimney.

- (i) Explain, in terms of the particles in a metal, how heat is transferred by conduction from the inside to the outside of the metal chimney.

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(2)

- (ii) Suggest **one** advantage of having no insulation around the chimney.

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(1)

(Total 5 marks)