## Practice Question Set For GCSE

**Subject: Physics** 



Paper-1 Topic: GCSE Triple Science\_ENERGY (High Demand Questions)

Name of the Student:		 Time : 24 Minutes	
Mark Scl	hemes		
Q1.			
(a)	(i)	decreases (to zero)	1
		resultant force acts in opposite direction to motion accept air resistance and weight for resultant force accept resultant force acts downwards do <b>not</b> accept air resistance increases	1
	(ii)	velocity includes direction	
		or velocity is a vector (quantity)	1
(b)	(i)	3.6  allow 1 mark for correct substitution i.e. $\frac{1}{2} \times 0.05 \times 12^2$ provided no subsequent step	2
	(ii)	3.6 <b>or</b> their (i)	1
	(iii)	7.2  or  their (ii) ÷ 0.5 correctly calculated  allow 1 mark for correct substitution i.e.  3.6 or their (ii) = 0.05 × 10 × h	2
	(iv)	В	1
(c)	ranç	ge increases up to 45°	1
	ranç	ge decreases from 45° the range is a maximum at 45° gains both marks for any two angles that add up to 90° the range is the same gains both marks the range increases then decreases gains 1 mark	1
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Q2.			
(a)	4200		
	allow <b>2</b> marks for correct substitution ie $6930 = 0.330 \times c \times 5.0$		
	answers of 1050 <b>or</b> 840		
	or		
	correctly calculated answer from correct substitution of incort temperature change	rect	
	or		
	identification of temperature change ie 5°C gain <b>1</b> mark	_	
		3	
	J / kg°C		
	accept J / kg K	1	
(b)	(in a motal) free electrons		
(b)	(in a metal) free electrons  to gain full credit the answer must be in terms of free electron	ne	
	to gain full credit the answer must be in terms of free electrol	1	
	gain kinetic energy		
	accept move faster		
		1	
	(free electrons) transfer energy to other electrons / ions / atoms		
	do <b>not</b> accept particles		
	• •	1	
	by collision		
	allow a maximum of <b>2</b> marks for answers in terms of atoms / particles	ions/	
	<ul> <li>gaining kinetic energy or vibrating faster / more</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>transferring energy by collisions</li> </ul>		
		1	
(c)	(air) particles spread out		
(0)	(all) particles oprodu out	1	
	(which causes the) air to become less dense / expand		
	do <b>not</b> accept particles become less dense		
	do <b>not</b> accept particles become less dense	1	
	(so the) warm air rises		
	do <b>not</b> accept heat rises		
	particles rise is insufficient	1	
		1	
(d)	large surface area		
	ignore references to type of metal or external conditions		
		1	
	black / dark (colour)		
	,	1	

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