## Practice Question Set For GCSE

**Subject: Physics** 

Paper-1 Topic: GCSE Triple Science\_ENERGY (High Demand Questions)

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| Name of the Student:  |                   |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Max. Marks : 24 Marks | Time : 24 Minutes |
|                       |                   |

## Q1.

(a) **Figure 1** shows the forces acting on a model air-powered rocket just after it has been launched vertically upwards.

Direction of movement

Weight

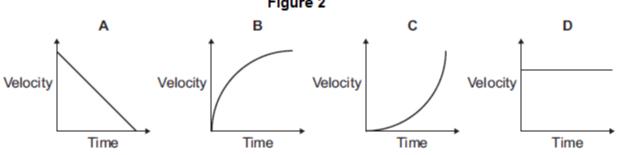
| Give a reason for your answer.  The velocity of the rocket is not the same as the speed of the rocket.  What is the difference between the velocity of an object and the speed of an object? |                       |    |
|--|-----------------------|----|
|  | -                     |    |
| What is the difference between the velocity of an object and the speed of an object?   | -                     |    |
|  | object'               | ?  |
|  | -<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>- | :t |

(b) The speed of the rocket just after being launched is 12 m/s.

(1)

The mass of the rocket is 0.05 kg.

| inetic energy =                  | J   |
|----------------------------------|---|
| s the rocket moves upwar         | rds, it gains gravitational potential energy. |
| state the maximum gravita        | tional potential energy gained by the rocket. |
| gnore the effect of air resis    | stance.                                       |
| Maximum gravitational pote       | ential energy = J                             |
| alculate the maximum he          | ight the rocket will reach.                   |
| gnore the effect of air resis    | stance.                                       |
| Gravitational field strength     | = 10 N/kg.                                    |
|                                  |   |
| faximum height =                 | m   |
| <b>igure 2</b> shows four veloci | ty−time graphs.                               |



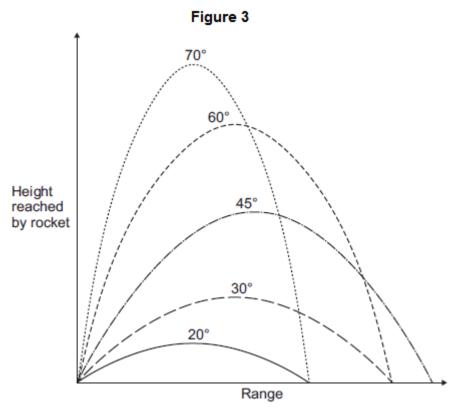
Taking air resistance into account, which graph, A, B, C or D, shows how the velocity of the rocket changes as it **falls** from the maximum height it reached until it just hits the ground?

Write the correct answer in the box.

(1)

(c) The rocket can be launched at different angles to the horizontal. The horizontal distance the rocket travels is called the range.

**Figure 3** shows the paths taken by the rocket when launched at different angles. Air resistance has been ignored.



| What pattern links the angle at which the rocket is launched and the range of the rock | ket? |
|--|------|
|  |      |
|  |      |
|  |      |

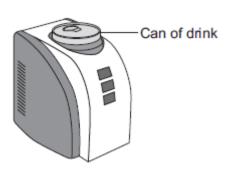
(2)

(Total 11 marks)

## Q2.

A 'can-chiller' is used to make a can of drink colder.

The image below shows a can-chiller.



| The can-c               | I temperature of the liquid in the can was 25.0 °C. chiller decreased the temperature of the liquid to 20.0 °C. Int of energy transferred from the liquid was 6930 J. |     |
|-------------------------|---|-----|
|                         | of liquid in the can was 0.330 kg.  |     |
| Calculate               | the specific heat capacity of the liquid.   |     |
| Give the u              | ınit.   |     |
|                         |   |     |
|                         |   |     |
| Specific h              | eat capacity = unit   |     |
| Energy is<br>Explain ho | transferred through the metal walls of the can of drink by conduction.  |     |
|                         |   |     |
|                         |   |     |
|                         |   |     |
|                         |   |     |
|                         |   |     |
|                         |   |     |
| The energ               | gy from the can of drink is transferred to the air around the can-chiller.  |     |
|                         | tion current is set up around the can-chiller. Explain how.   |     |
|                         |   |     |
|                         |   |     |
|                         |   |     |
|                         |   |     |
|                         | chiller has metal cooling fins that are designed to transfer energy quickly to  | the |
| surroundir              | ngs.  |     |

| surroundings. |                         |
|---------------|-------------------------|
| 1             |                         |
| 2             |                         |
|               | (2)<br>(Total 13 marks) |