Practice Question Set For GCSE

Subject: Physics

Paper-2 Topic: Forces (High Demand Questions)



Name of the Student:	
Max. Marks : 22 Marks	Time : 22 Minutes

Q1.

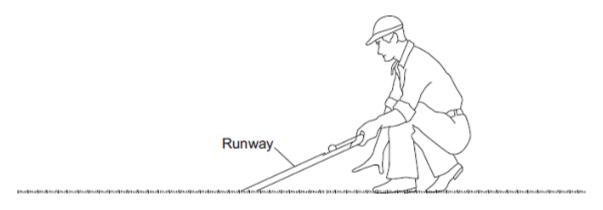
Figure 1 shows a golfer using a runway for testing how far a golf ball travels on grass.

One end of the runway is placed on the grass surface.

The other end of the runway is lifted up and a golf ball is put at the top.

The golf ball goes down the runway and along the grass surface.

Figure 1



(a) A test was done three times with the same golf ball.

The results are shown in Figure 2.

Figure 2



(i) Make measurements on Figure 2 to complete Table 1.

Table 1

Test	Distance measured in centimetres
1	8.5
2	
3	

		Mean distance =	cm
	re 2 is drawn to scale. le: 1 cm = 20 cm on the gra	ass.	
Calc	culate the mean distance, in	n centimetres, the golf ball travel	s on the grass surface.
	Mea	n distance on the grass surface	= cm
		ng the grass surface is used to e	stimate the 'speed' of the
_	s surface. words used to describe the	e 'speed' of a grass surface are	given in Table 2 .
		Table 2	
	'Speed' of grass surface	Mean distance the golf ball travels in centimetres	
	Fast	250	
	Medium fast	220	
	Medium	190	
	Medium Slow	160	
	Slow	130	
Heo	Table 2 and your answer i	n part (iii) to describe the 'speed	d' of the grass surface
	Table 2 and your answer i	in part (iii) to describe the speet	of the grass surface.
030			

(b)

		(ii) She carried out the test five times.Her measurements, in centimetres, are shown be						
	75	95	84	74	79			
	What can she	e conclude	about the	e length of	the grass in the	ne park?		
	ther student sus length.	uggests tha	at the 'spe	eed' of a gr	ass surface d	epends c	on factors other tha	n
Rela	wants to test t tive humidity is r the air can h	s the perce	entage of	water in the	e air compare	d to the r	naximum amount c	of
The	student obtain	s the data	in Table :	3 from the	Internet.			
				Table 3				
	Relative hur as a p	nidity exp ercentage			tance the go			
		71			180			
		79			162			
		87			147			
(i)	Describe the	pattern sh	own in Ta	able 3.				
(ii)	The student v					ortional to	relative humidity.	
					state your co		•	

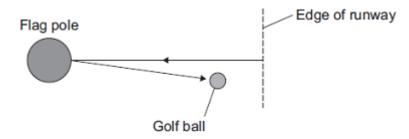
(iii)	The data in Table 3 does not allow a conclusion to be made with confidence
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Give a reason why.

(1)

(d) In a test, a golf ball hits a flag pole on the golf course and travels back towards the edge of the runway as shown in **Figure 3**.

Figure 3



What is the difference between distance and displacement?

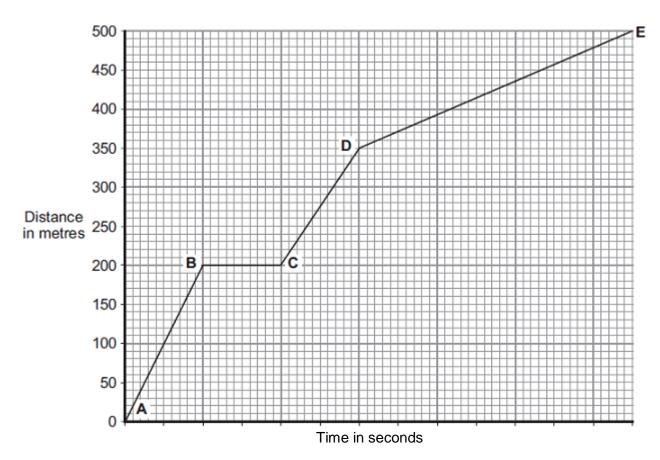
(2)

(Total 15 marks)

Q2.

Part of a bus route is along a high street.

The distance-time graph shows how far the bus travelled along the high street and how long it took.



(a) Between which two points was the bus travelling the slowest?

Put a tick (\checkmark) in the box next to your answer.

Points	Tick (√)
A – B	
C – D	
D – E	

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CIVE A	TEASON	ioi voui	answer

(b) The bus travels at 5 m/s between points **A** and **B**. The bus and passengers have a total mass of 16 000 kg.

Use the equation in the box to calculate the momentum of the bus and passengers between points ${\bf A}$ and ${\bf B}$.

momentum = mass x velocity

Show clearly how you work out your answer.

(2)

		Momentum =	kg m/s	
				(2)
(c)	The	yclist made the same journey along the high street. cyclist started at the same time as the bus and completed the journ list travelled the whole distance at a constant speed.	ney in 220 seconds. The	
	(i)	Draw a line on the graph to show the cyclist's journey.		(2)
	(ii)	After how many seconds did the cyclist overtake the bus?		
		The cyclist overtook the bus afters	seconds.	
				(1)
			(Total 7 mai	rks)